Date



Medicare Advantage Annual Wellness Visit

☐ Once-in-a-lifetime Initial Preventive Physical Examination (IPPE) (G0402) ☐ Once-in-a-lifetime Initial Annual Wellness Visit (AWV) (G0438) ☐ Subsequent AWV (G0439)								
This form and its accompanying Medicare Advantage Annual Wellness Visit Guide may be helpful to follow during our Medicare members' wellness visits. The guide is available in the Clinical Resources section of our website under Preventive Care Guidelines.								
GENERAL PATIENT INFO								
Age Gender	Race	Ethnicity						
		Frailty						
		Hearing Impairment None						
	RISK FACTOF	35						
Depression ☐ None								
	Life Satisf	None						
	_	gue 🗆 None						
Eoricinics3/30clarisolation —	1 all // all g	uc <u>— </u>						
Tobacco Use Never Quit	Packs per day Pack year history	Illicit Drug Use ☐ Never ☐ Quit						
Alcohol Use Never Quit								
Physical Activity Exercise da	ays per week for minutes per episoo	de						
Diet/Nutrition ☐ Good without lack Oral Health ☐ Brush/floss regularly								
Seat Belt Use in Vehicle Always u	Seat Belt Use in Vehicle Always use Sexual Health							
Home Safety ☐ Safe								
Family History (Medical Events/H	ereditary Disease)							
	ACTIVITIES OF DAILY L	IVING (ADL)						
Dressing ☐ No Difficulty (ND)	Feeding ND	Toileting □ ND						
Grooming ND	_	_						
<u></u>								
	INSTRUMENTAL AD	Ic (IADI)						
Shopping ND		_						
Housekeeping ND	•	Transportation 🗆 ND						
Manage Own Medications ☐ ND		Handle Finances						
VISIT HISTORY DATE	PROVI	DER/LOCATION						
Last Wellness Visit								
Last Hospitalization								

Date

		. HISTORY	
Anemia	COPD	☐ Emphysema	Osteoarthritis
Asthma	☐ with exacerbation	☐ Epilepsy	Osteomyelitis
Atrial Fibrillation	☐ without exacerbation	Fracture	Osteoporosis
Atrial Flutter	☐ Coronary Artery Disease	☐ Vertebral ☐ Femur	☐ Pancreatitis
☐ Bipolar Disorder	☐ Crohn's Disease	Pelvic	☐ Paralysis
Burn (19% of body or greater)	☐ CVA	☐ Wrist	☐ Pituitary Disease
☐ Cardiomyopathy	☐ Dementia	☐GERD	☐ Pneumonia
Chronic Bronchitis	Depression	☐ Head/Spinal Injuries	☐ Pressure Ulcer
Chronic Hepatitis	☐ Diabetes Mellitus	☐ HIV	Site:
Chronic Kidney Disease	☐ without Complications	Hyperlipidemia	☐ PUD
Stage 1 (GFR 90+)	☐ with Complications	Hypertension	☐ PVD
☐ Stage 2 (GFR 60-89) ☐ Stage 3a (GFR 45-59)	☐ with Ophthalmic Disease	☐ with CHF	Rheumatoid Arthritis
☐ Stage 3b (GFR 30-44)	☐ with Renal Disease	☐ with Kidney Disease	Schizophrenia
Stage 4 (GFR 15-29)	☐ with Neuropathy	Insomnia	Seizure Disorder
Stage 5 (ESRD)	☐ with PVD	Malignancy	Sickle Cell Disease
Cirrhosis	☐ Long Term Use of Insulin	Specify:	SLE
Congestive Heart Failure Ejection Fraction:	☐ Drug/Alcohol Dependence	Obesity	Ulcerative Colitis
Constipation	□DVT	☐ Prior Myocardial Infarction	
	SURGICAI	_ HISTORY	
Amputation	☐ Carotid endarterectomy	Coronary artery bypass graft	☐ Implantable defibrillator
Appendectomy	Cataract surgery	Coronary stents	Organ transplant
☐ Breast biopsy	Cholecystectomy	☐ Hernia repair	☐ Pacemaker
	ALLE	RGIES	
□ NKDA / □ Allergies:			
Supplements including calcium a	and vitamins:		
	MEDIC	ATIONS	

Generalized Anxiety Disorder (GAD-7) ☐ Score four or less	
CURRENT PROV	IDERS AND SUPPLIERS

Establish a written screening schedule, such as a checklist, for the next five to 10 years based on recommendations from the following resources and the member's health risk assessment, health status and screening history:

- <u>U.S. Preventive Services Task Force</u> (see below for nonpregnant members)
- Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices
- Age-appropriate <u>preventive services covered by Medicare</u> (see Annual Wellness Visit Guide)

Establish a list of risk factors and conditions that have a recommended intervention (see below table)

	UNITED STATES PREVENTIVE SERVICES TASK FORCE (USPSTF) A AND B RECOMMENDATIONS							
ELIGIBLE	TEST	GENDER	AGES	OTHER CRITERIA	RECOMMENDATION	SCHEDULE		
	Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening	Men	65 to 75	Ever smoked	One-time screening with ultrasonography			
	Aspirin preventive	All	50 to 59	All the following: >= 10% ten-year cardiovascular risk, not at increased risk for bleeding, life expectancy >= 10 years and willing to take low-dose aspirin daily for >= 10 years	Low-dose aspirin (81 mg/d)			
	Blood pressure screening	All	18 and older	Obtain measurements outside the clinical setting for diagnostic confirmation before starting treatment	Screen for hypertension			
	Breast cancer gene (BRCA) risk assessment and genetic counseling/testing	Women		Personal or family history of breast, ovarian, tubal or peritoneal cancer or ancestry associated with BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutations, use familial risk assessment tool	If positive result on risk assessment tool then give genetic counseling and, if indicated after counseling, genetic testing			
	Breast cancer preventive medications	Women		Increased risk for breast cancer and at low risk for adverse medication side effects	Offer risk-reducing medications such as tamoxifen, raloxifene or aromatase inhibitors			
	Breast cancer screening	Women	40 and older	Screening mammography with or without clinical bro	Screening mammography with or without clinical breast examination every 1 to 2 years			
	Cervical cancer screening	Women	21 to 29	Screen with cervical cytology alone every 3 years				
			30 to 65	As above or hrHPV testing alone every 5 years or hrHPV + cytology every 5 years				
	Chlamydia screening	Women	24 or younger	Sexually active Screen for chlamydia				
			25 and older	Increased risk for infection				
	Colorectal cancer screening	All	50 to 75		Screen for cancer			
	Depression screening	All	18 and older	Screen with adequate systems in place to ensure ac and appropriate follow-up	ccurate diagnosis, effective treatment			
	Diabetes screening	All	40 to 70	Overweight or obese Screen for abnormal blood glucose and offer or refer if abnormal to intensive behavioral counseling interventions to promote a healthy diet and physical activity				
	Fall prevention	All	65 and older	Community-dwelling at increased risk for falls	Exercise interventions to prevent falls			
	Folic acid supplementation	All	See other criteria	Planning or capable of pregnancy	Take folic acid supplement: 0.4 to 0.8 mg per day			
	Gonorrhea screening	Women	24 or younger	Sexually active	Screen for gonorrhea			
			25 and older	Increased risk for infection				
	Healthy diet and physical activity counseling to prevent cardiovascular disease	All	18 and older	Overweight or obese with additional cardiovascular disease (CVD) risk factors	Intensive behavioral counseling interventions to promote healthy diet and physical activity for CVD prevention			

	UNITED STATES PREVENTIVE SERVICES TASK FORCE (USPSTF) A AND B RECOMMENDATIONS					
ELIGIBLE	TEST	GENDER	AGES	OTHER CRITERIA	RECOMMENDATION	SCHEDULE
	Hepatitis B screening: adolescents and adults (nonpregnant)	All		High risk for infection	Screen for hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection	
	Hepatitis C virus infection (HCV) screening	All		High risk for infection or if born between 1945 and 1965 (inclusive) offer one-time screening	Screen for HCV infection	
	HIV pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) for the prevention of HIV infection			High risk of HIV acquisition	Offer PrEP with effective antiretroviral therapy	
	HIV screening: adolescents and	All	15 to 65		Screen for HIV infection	
	adults (nonpregnant)		< 15 or > 65	At increased risk		
	Intimate partner violence screening	Women	Reproductive age	Screen for intimate partner violence. If positive, t support services.	hen provide or refer to ongoing	
	Lung cancer screening	All	50 to 80 without a substantial limit to life expectancy	30 pack-year history and current smoker or within 15 years since quitting and without a health problem that would limit ability or willingness to have curative lung surgery	Low-dose computed tomography	
	Obesity screening and counseling	All	Any	BMI >= 30	Intensive multicomponent behavioral interventions	
	Osteoporosis screening	Women	64 and younger	Postmenopausal and at increased risk of osteoporosis as determined by a formal risk assessment tool (e.g. FRAX)	Screen for osteoporosis with bone measurement testing	
			65 and older		Screen as above	
	Sexually transmitted infections counseling	All	18 and older	Increased risk for sexually transmitted infections	Intensive behavioral counseling	
	Skin cancer behavioral counseling	All	24 and younger	Fair skin type Counseling to minimize exposure UV radiation		
	Statin preventive medication	All	40 to 75	All the following: no history of CVD, >= 1 CVD risk factors (i.e. dyslipidemia, diabetes, hypertension or smoking) and 10-year cardiovascular risk of >= 10%		
	Syphilis screening: nonpregnant	All	Any	At increased risk for infection	Screen for syphilis	
	Tobacco use counseling and interventions: nonpregnant adults	All	Any		Advise to stop using, provide behavioral interventions and FDA approved medication for cessation	
	Tuberculosis screening	All	Any	Populations at increased risk	Screen for latent TB	
	Unhealthy alcohol use	All	18 and older	Risky or hazardous drinking	Brief behavioral counseling interventions to reduce unhealthy alcohol use	
RIS	SK FACTOR / CONDITION		TREA	TMENT OPTIONS	ASSOCIATED RISKS/BENEFITS	

е	Date of Birth	Date	Provider		
	CONDITION CONFIF	RMATION			
Condition	Status	Plan	Impression		
	☐ Stable ☐ Unstable ☐ Asymptomatic ☐ Symptomatic ☐ Unknown	Continue Change Monitor Work up			
	☐ Stable ☐ Unstable ☐ Asymptomatic ☐ Symptomatic ☐ Unknown	Continue Change Monitor Work up			
	Stable Unstable Asymptomatic Symptomatic Unknown	Continue Change Monitor Work up			
	☐ Stable ☐ Unstable ☐ Asymptomatic ☐ Symptomatic ☐ Unknown	Continue Change Monitor Work up			
	☐ Stable ☐ Unstable ☐ Asymptomatic ☐ Symptomatic ☐ Unknown	Continue Change Monitor Work up			
	☐ Stable ☐ Unstable ☐ Asymptomatic ☐ Symptomatic ☐ Unknown	Continue Change Monitor Work up			
	☐ Stable ☐ Unstable ☐ Asymptomatic ☐ Symptomatic ☐ Unknown	Continue Change Monitor Work up			
CAF	RE COORDINATION <i>(CHEC</i>	K ALL THAT APPL	LY)		
nay benefit Readmission to BH I/P or RTC within 30 days Two or more admissions to BH I/P or RTC in 12 months					
/ Inpatient adm	issions more than	ationt longth of stay	over 14 days		

CARE COORDINATION (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)							
BEHAVIORAL HEALTH							
Acute case where BH case mgr. may benefit Readmission to BH I/P or RT			C within 30 days Two or more admissions to BH I/P or RTC in 12 months			H I/P or RTC in 12 months	
CASE MANAGEMENT							
ER visits, three or more in last six months		Inpatient admissions, more than three within six months		☐ Inpatient length of stay over 14 days			
Medication management	Socia	Social/financial		☐ End of life			
□ALS		Burns, second degree over 20% of body		CVA/subarachnoid hemorrhage with cognitive deficits		Diabe	tic with new amputation
Diabetic with new diagnosis of renal failure	☐ HIV /	HIV / AIDS		Paraplegia / Quadriplegia		Trans	plant
Trauma, severe multiple (e.g. MVA)	Traur	aumatic brain injury (TBI)		☐ Wound management, complicated			
DISEASE MANAGEMENT							
Asthma	CHF		☐ COPD		Coronary artery	disease	☐ Diabetes mellitus

ADVANCE CARE PLANNING SERVICES				
Discussed future care decisions:				
Encouraged member to inform others about care preferences:				
Explained advance directives (may require completion of standard forms):				
Member did not wish to discuss any of the above at this time				

Date

ADDITIONAL MEASURES (ELIGIBLE FOR BOTH MEDICARE AND MEDICAID)						
MEASURE	DESCRIPTION	COMPLETED DATE				
Functional Status	Assess ability to perform ADLs					
Pain Screening	Screening/pain management plan at least once per year					
Medication Review	Annual review of all medications and supplements					

Personalized Health Advice with referral (if appropriate) to reduce risk factors, improve self-management and wellness (see Care Coordination table for additional options):

PROVIDER SIGNATURE

PROVIDER CREDENTIALS

DATE